

Amendments to the Claims:

Please amend Claims 1 and 2 to read as follows.

1. (Currently Amended) A liquid crystal device comprising a pair of substrates retaining a smectic liquid crystal therebetween and a plurality of bulkheads intersecting with a direction of a layer of the smectic liquid crystal provided on at least one of the pair of substrates,

wherein an elastic modulus E of the bulkheads, an outside pressure P, an area A1 of the substrate, a total area A2 of contact surfaces between the bulkheads and the substrate, and a volumetric shrinkage ratio $\Delta V_{lc}/V_{lc}$ of the smectic liquid crystal within ~~an ambient~~ a temperature variation range of an atmosphere in which the liquid crystal device is placed satisfy the following relation:

$$(1/E) \times P \times (A1/A2) \geq \Delta V_{lc}/V_{lc}.$$

2. (Currently Amended) A liquid crystal device comprising a pair of substrates retaining a smectic liquid crystal therebetween and a plurality of stripe bulkheads intersecting with a direction of a layer of the smectic liquid crystal provided on at least one of the pair of substrates,

wherein an elastic modulus E, a height L, a spacing D, and a length H of the bulkheads, an outside pressure P, an area A1 of the substrate, a total area A2 of contact surfaces between the bulkheads and the substrate, and a volumetric shrinkage amount ΔV_{lc} within ~~an ambient~~ a temperature variation range of an atmosphere in which the liquid crystal device is placed, of the smectic liquid crystal filled in a space defined by the pair of substrates and a pair of bulkheads satisfy the following relation:

$$(1/E) \times L \times P \times (A1/A2) \geq \Delta V_{lc}/(D \times H).$$

3. (Original) The liquid crystal device according to Claim 1 or 2, wherein the bulkheads intersect at an angle of approximately 90° with the direction of the layer of the smectic liquid crystal.

4. (Original) The liquid crystal device according to Claim 1 or 2, wherein the bulkheads intersect at an angle except for 90° with the direction of the layer of the smectic liquid crystal.

5. (Original) The liquid crystal device according to Claim 1 or 2, wherein the pair of substrates are bonded to each other by the bulkheads.

6. (Original) The liquid crystal device according to Claim 1 or 2, wherein a width of the bulkheads is less than $10\text{ }\mu\text{m}$.

7. (Original) The liquid crystal device according to Claim 1 or 2, wherein a pitch of the bulkheads is not less than $360\text{ }\mu\text{m}$.

8. (Original) The liquid crystal device according to Claim 1 or 2, wherein the elastic modulus of the bulkheads is in a range of 200 to $500 (10^5\text{ N/m}^2)$.

9. (Original) The liquid crystal device according to Claim 1 or 2, wherein the bulkheads are made of an acrylic photosensitive resin.

10. (Original) The liquid crystal device according to Claim 1 or 2, wherein the smectic liquid crystal is a ferroelectric liquid crystal or an antiferroelectric liquid crystal.

11. (Withdrawn) A method of producing a liquid crystal device, comprising in the order mentioned below the steps of:

- (1) forming a stripe bulkhead on a first substrate;
- (2) rubbing the first substrate substantially parallel to the direction of the stripe of the bulkhead;
- (3) opposing and bonding the first substrate and a second substrate having no bulkhead formed thereon to each other, thereby forming a cell;
- (4) filling the cell with a liquid crystal; and
- (5) cooling the cell to a temperature not more than a smectic phase transition temperature of the liquid crystal, thereby forming a smectic layer substantially perpendicular to the bulkhead,

wherein an elastic modulus E of the bulkhead, an atmospheric pressure P , an area $A1$ of the second substrate, a total area $A2$ of contact surfaces between the bulkhead and the second substrate, and a volumetric shrinkage ratio $\Delta V_{lc}/V_{lc}$ of the liquid crystal within a temperature variation range in the steps including and succeeding the step (4) satisfy the following relation:

$$(1/E) \times P \times (A1/A2) \geq \Delta V_{lc}/V_{lc}$$